Support for prickly spellings

In the Year 2 Spelling units, the remaining Phase 5 tricky words are called prickly spellings. This document provides support for teaching all of the prickly spellings.

Unit	Prickly spelling	Why is it prickly?	How to teach
1	<u>o</u> nce	The grapheme 'o' makes the sounds w-u . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'o'. Say: This grapheme says w-u .
	t <u>wo</u>	The grapheme 'wo' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'wo'. Say: This digraph says oo.
2	<u>a</u> ny	The grapheme 'a' makes the sound e . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'a'. Say: This grapheme says e .
	m <u>a</u> ny	The grapheme 'a' makes the sound e . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'a'. Say: This grapheme says e .
4	<u>who</u>	The word 'who' has two tricky parts: the digraph 'wh' makes the sound h and the grapheme 'o' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). These are rare GPCs.	Point to 'wh'. Say: This digraph says h . Point to 'o'. Say: This grapheme says oo.
	<u>wh</u> ole	The digraph 'wh' makes the sound h . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'wh'. Say: This digraph says h .
5	p <u>eo</u> ple	The digraph 'eo' makes the sound ee . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'eo'. Say: This digraph says ee .
	fr <u>ie</u> nd	The digraph 'ie' makes the sound e . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'ie'. Say: This digraph says e .
6	m <u>o</u> ve	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'o'. Say: This grapheme says oo.
	impr <u>o</u> ve	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'o'. Say: This grapheme says oo.
8	b <u>eau</u> tiful	The trigraph 'eau' makes the sound yoo . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'eau'. Say: This trigraph says yoo .
	<u>laugh</u>	The word 'laugh' has two tricky parts: the digraph 'au' makes the sound \mathbf{ar} or \mathbf{a} (depending on regional pronunciation) and the digraph 'gh' makes the sound \mathbf{f}^* . *This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'au'. Say: This digraph says ar or This digraph says a . Point to 'gh'. Say: This digraph says f .
9	b <u>u</u> sy	The grapheme 'u' makes the sound i .	Point to 'u'. Say: This grapheme says i .
	pr <u>e</u> tty	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound i . This is a rare GPC in the middle of a word.	Point to 'e'. Say: This grapheme says i .
10	p <u>ar</u> ents	The digraph 'ar' makes the sound air . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'ar'. Say: This digraph says air .
	bec <u>au</u> se	The digraph 'au' makes the sound o . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'au'. Say: This digraph says o .
12	eñe	The trigraph 'eye' makes the sound igh . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'eye'. Say: This trigraph says igh .
	sh <u>oe</u>	The digraph 'oe' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'oe'. Say: This digraph says oo.
13	th <u>ough</u> t	The grapheme 'ough' makes the sound or . This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'ough'. Say: This grapheme says or.
	thr <u>ough</u>	The grapheme 'ough' makes the sound oo (as in 'food'). This is a rare GPC.	Point to 'ough'. Say: This grapheme says oo.